

PPE – Personal Protective Equipment

Mountaineering and

Personal Fall Protection

What is PPE?

Personal protective equipment (PPE) in the EU refers to any device or appliance designed to be worn or held by an individual for protection against one or more health and safety hazards:

- Physical
- Electrical
- Chemicals
- Biohazards
- Airborne Particulate Matter

EEC has a Directive (a law) that governs common quality and safety standards.

Manufacturers of PPE must comply with these quality and safety standards.

Employers must supply appropriate PPE where such hazards exist.

Employers must carry out Risk Assessment to determine the hazards.

The Directive does not distinguish between PPE for professional use and PPE for leisure purposes.



PPE Categories

Category I: Products for use with minimal hazards.

Category II: PPE not falling into category I or III).

Category III: Products that protect against mortal danger or serious harm to health.

Category I includes sun glasses, protective footwear.

Category II includes crampons and helmets.

Category III includes harnesses, connectors (crabs), lanyards, slings, ice axes.

Personal protective equipment **excluded** from the scope of the Directive includes:

PPE designed for and used by the armed forces or in the maintenance of law and order.

PPE for self-defence (e.g. aerosol canisters, personal deterrent weapons).

PPE designed and manufactured for personal use against adverse atmospheric conditions (e.g. seasonal clothing, umbrellas), damp and water (e.g. dish-washing gloves) and heat.



Standards

These are drawn up by working groups comprised of experts including manufacturers and national bodies.

- Mountaineering TC 136
- Personal Fall Protection TC 160

Mountaineering/Climbing equipment comes mainly under the Mountaineering Standards but some items may come under the Personal Fall Protection standards.

Pulleys come under a Mountaineering standard.

Ascenders and descenders can conform to both the relevant Mountaineering and Personal Fall Protection standards.

Personal 'industrial' equipment comes mainly under Personal Fall Protection standards



Standards

Mountaineering Standards include:	Personal Fall Protection standards include:
Dynamic Ropes	Low stretch ropes
Connectors (Locking & Snapgates)	Connectors (Locking gates only)
Mountaineering harnesses (full body, small body,	Full body harnesses
sit and chest)	Sit harnesses
Slings	Lanyards
Climbing Helmets	Industrial helmets
Braking devices	Descender devices
Rope Clamps	Rope Adjustment Devices
Rock Anchors	Anchor devices
Pitons	Energy Absorbers
Frictional Anchors	Guided Fall Arresters
Chocks	Retractable Fall Arresters
Ice Screws	Work Positioning Systems
Ice Tools	Rescue Lifting Devices
Crampons	Fall Arrest Systems
Pulleys	
Via Ferrata	
Accessory Cord	
Tape/Webbing	



Each Standard consists of:

- Scope what equipment the standard covers.
- Definitions relevant definitions.
- Requirements minimum performance criteria and strength.
- Testing methods including apparatus, conditioning and procedure.
- Marking information to be marked on the product.
- Information to be supplied in addition to the standard requirements for all PPE equipment.

Each Standard has an **EN** (European Norm) number and the year of latest issue.

e.g. Mountaineering Harnesses - EN 12275:2013

Rope Adjustment Devices - EN 12841:2006



Notified Bodies

These are approved organisations which authorise compliance by a manufacturer to a particular standard and to the Directive. With this compliance and approval, the CE mark together with the number of the Notified Body can be marked on the product. e.g. 0120CE.

Without this mark and the relevant translation of the instructions a manufacturer is not allowed to supply an item of PPE to any country within the European Community.

DMM use S.G.S. (U.K.) Ltd. for this Type Examination and for certifying their Quality Management System.

A CE mark can also be awarded by a Notified Body for a product for which there is no relevant standard. In these cases the manufacturer makes their own standard, including testing etc. which must fulfil the health and safety requirements of the Directive and has to be type approved by the Notified Body. DMM Bulldog and Terrier, and the Deadman are examples.

DMM is currently writing a standard - **Linking Components -** to cover Swivels, Rigging Plates and Anchor Rings which are outside any current EN standard.



Instructions

These are a package of information that must be supplied physically with any piece of PPE equipment. The information must allow the user to use the equipment correctly and safely. This also includes:

- General warning about working at height and mountaineering are inherently dangerous.
- Inspection and record keeping (by trained/Competent Person).
- The need to be used in conjunction with appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.
- Relevant warnings.
- Climatic conditions.
- Anchors.
- Maintenance and Servicing.
- Lifespan and Obsolescence.
- Explanation of markings.
- Relevant drawings/pictograms.

'A **Competent person** is someone who has sufficient training and experience or knowledge and other qualities that allow them to assist you properly. The level of **competence** required will depend on the complexity of the situation and the particular help you need.' **Health & Safety Executive**



